NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1885.

THE NATIONAL FUNERAL.

FINAL PLANS FOR THE CEREMONY. HOW TO SEE THE GREAT PROCESSION.

POINTS OF VANTAGE ALONG THE ROUTE - THE

ROADS TO CLAREMONT. The great procession and the other imposing cere which will mark the day when the body of monies which will mark the day when the body of General U. S. Grant will be committed to the tomb have long been looked forward to. They will be nitnessed by hundreds of thousands of citizens of New-York and visitors from all parts of the United States. The early hours of the day will be occupied the marching off troops and civic bodies their stations along Broadway, and the assembling of citizens in the streets through which the procession will pass.
After brief ceremonies at the City Hall the catafalque and casket will be placed upon the funeral ear and at 10 o'clock the great procession will take up its march. Even if the head of the column moves promptly hours will pass before the whole sion is in motion. The route is up Broadway m the City Hall to Fourteenth-st., to Fifth-ave. to Fifty-seventh-st., to Broadway, to the Boulevard, to Riverside Drive and to Claremont, the

place of interment. The uncertainty as to the place of formation of some parts of the Grant procession was continued so long that may citizens are not clearly informed so to what they may hope to see in various parts of the route from City Hall to Riverside Park, and speculators have in some cases taken advantage of this ignorance to obtain high prices for windows from which only a small part of the procession will be seen. Unless a change is made the only part of the route on which spectators will be able to view the entire procession in line 1s Fifth-ave., between Twenty-third-st. and Fifty-seventh-st. To those looking from windows in Broadway below Fourteenth-st. will first be visible the long lines of National Guardsmen as they stretch along the east side of that street above Duane-st. General Hancock, his staff in full uniform, the United States Army troops and the Naval and Marine corps will pass up Broadway from the Battery to Fourteenth-st. and ap Fifth-ave. The 1st Division of the National Guard, including all the New-York City troops. will be visible only to persons stationed above Fourteenth-st., as they will form in and near Union Square, and will fall in line behind the United States forces. From positions further down on Broadway the visiting military organizations can be seen, though the number who pass by the point of view will be less and less the further down Broadway that one is placed.

The catafalque and the accompanying escort of members of the Grant Post and Loyal Legion will be seen along the entire route from its present resting place in the City Hall until Riverside Park is reached, unless a detour should be taken at the further end of the route to prevent confusion in the m Iltary evolutions. The Mayor and the city authorities in carriages will also proceed along the entire route from the City Hall. Spectators stationed in Broadway just above Canal-st, will see the evolutions of General Sickles's Division of Veterans, as the various organizations after forming in the side streets in that vicinity take their places in the line. The Grand Army organizations and other civic societies will enter Broadway at points between Broome and Tenth-sts.

The President of the United States, the members of the Cabinet, the United States Senators, Congressmen, Governors, members of State Legislatures and some United States officials who served under General Grant, will, according to the present programme, join the procession in carriages a: Twenty-third-st., and will proceed thence to

As some of the military organizations and the civic societies are expected to break ranks at Fifty-seventh-st., the procession after reaching that point will become greatly reduced in size. The occupants of positions along the route above Fifty-seventh-st, will have an opportunitunity of seeing the United states force under General Hancock, the New-York City National Guards, the funeral car, and immediate escort, the long line of carriages containing distinguished persons, and probably many persons on foot.

Claremont, where General Grant's body will be placed in the receiving vault, will be closely guarded by United States troops and it is not sup posed that many citizens other than officials will be able to hear the services at the vault. It can be reached, however, by the cross-town cars in Onehundred-and-twenty-fifth-st., which can be entered at either of the elevated railway stations on that street; they run directly to Riverside Park. The Ninth Avenue Surface Line passes within a few blocks of Claremont and the Boulevard Line running from the Grand Central Station and the One-hundred-and-tenth-st, line, go direct to park. The park extends from Seventy-second-st. north, and can be entered at most of the cross streets north of that point.

The indications, according to the predictions of the Signal Service Bureau, are that the city will be visited by a rainstorm to-day. Local rains and stationary temperature are announced from Washington as probable.

The religious services at Riverside Park will be of the simplest character in accordance with the wishes which General Grant expressed to Dr. Newman shortly before his death. First in order will come the military ritual of the Grand Army of the Republic, recited by members of the Meade Grand Army Post of Philadelphia. This will require about fifteen minutes. Then will follow the singing by the terman societies, which is not to exceed ten minutes. The simple but impressive burial ritual of the Methodist Episcopal Church will next be performed. Bishop Harris will read the first portion beginning with "I am the resurrection and the life," and the Rev. Dr. Newman, standing near the grave, will read the concluding scriptural selections beginning with " Man that is born of woman bath but a short time to live." There will be no funeral discourse. The following clergymen will attend as representatives of the leading religious denominations: Bishop Harris, Methodist Episcopal; Assistant Bishop Henry C. Potter, Protestant Episcopal; the Rev. Dr. Chambers, Reformed Dutch; the Rev. Dr. Field, Presbyterian; the Rev. Dr. Bridgeman, Baptist; the Rev. Dr. West, Congregationalist; the Rev. Father Deshon, Roman Catholie; the Rev. Robert Collyer, Unitarian; Rabbi Browne, Jewish. General Grant's three phy sicians, Drs. Douglas, Shrady and Sands, will be present all wearing funeral sashes. Numbers of clergymen will of course attend in their private capacity. Owing to the fact that this is the Hebrew Sabbath, Rabbi Browne will not ride, but walk in the procession. The other clergymen have arranged to walk with him by turns to relieve his long march Pather Deshon was a classmate of General Grant's at West Point.

By request of Colonel Grant "taps," the bugle at West Point.

By request of Colonel Grant "taps," the bugle call which summons soldiers to extinguish their lights, will be sounded after the benediction shall have been pronounced. The bugler will be Mr. Knonse. Thirty seconds after "taps" the firing of shales will begin. First three volleys of musketry will be fired; then three salves of artillery; then the Nationalor President's salute of twenty-one gims by Light Battery F., 5th Artillery. The musketry salutes will be fired by the 7th and 22d Regiments of General Shaler's division. Colonel Clark received information about noon that the 7th Regiment would be one of the commands to fire volleys. He sent to the State Arsenal in Seventh-ave. for blank cartridges enough to enable his regiment to fire three rounds, but the supply at the arsenal had given out. Accordingly Colonel Clark made arrangements to have the cartridges made up at the 7th Regiment Armory; last night. It was said that an order was sent to the State Cann at Peckskill for cartridges for the 22d Regiment. The artillery salutes will be fired north of the tomb, while the infantry regiments will be drawn up in a long line to the south.

Postmaster Pearson has issued an order to close the office of the 20 the site of the south.

Postmaster Pearson has issued an order to close all Post Office st. tions in this city at 10 a. m. this borning. One delivery will be made by carriers

beginning at 8 a. m. below and at 9 a. m. above The following is the order of the procession: Squad of Mounted Police.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

MAJOR-GREERAL HANCOCK AND STAFF.

Light Battery F, U. S. A., Captain Randolph, 4 guns and a band of 20 pieces.

Battalion of Engineers, U. S. A.

Lieutenant-Coionel Henry L. Abbott, 255 men and a band of 20 pieces.

Battalion 5th Artillery, including Battery I (Captain George H. Crabb), Battery L (Captain John R. Brinck), Battery M (Captain V. Weir), Battery H (Captain John R. Brinck), Battery M (Captain V. Weir), Battery H (Captain John R. Brinck), Battery M (Captain V. Weir), Battery H (Captain John R. Berke, U. Wildrick, 160 men, and the David's Island Band.

A battalion from the Guard of Honor, under Captain William B. Beck, uncluding Battery A, 5th Artillery (Captain W. S. Beck), Company E, 12th Infantry (Captain Hugh G. Brown), numbering altogether 80 men.

A Battalion of United States Marines.

Three battalions of United States sailors from the Navy Yard, Tennessee, Vermont, Omaha and Minnesota. THE ARMY AND NAVY.

FIRST DIVISION N. G. S. N. Y. MAJOR-GENERAL ALEXANDER SHALER, AND STAFF. First Brigade.

General William G. Ward and staff.

First Battery, Captain Louis Wendel.

22d Regiment, Colonel Josiah Porter.

B Regiment, Colonel William Seward, jr.

11th Regiment, Colonel Briwart,

2th Regiment, Colonel James H. Jones.

Second Brigade. Becond Battery, Cuptain F. P. Earle. 7th Regiment, Colonel Emmons Clark. 79th Regiment, Colonel James Cavanagh 8th Regiment, Colonel George D Scott. 71st Regiment, Colonel E. A. McAlpin.

Division of Veteran Guards. COLONEL DAVID E. AUSTIN AND STAFF. Old Guard, Major George W. McLean. Governor's Foot Guard of Hartford, Coun., Major J. C. Governor's Foot Guard of Hartford, Coun., Major J. C. Kinney.

Association of 165th New-York Volunteers, Colonel Harmon D. Hull.

Veteran Zouave Association, Captain T. F. Sheehan.

10th Regiment New-York Volunteer Veterans, Captain J. Chamberlin.

5th Regiment New-York Volunteer Zouaves, Captain B.

T. Finley.

Second Company of Washington Continental Guards, Captain J. G. Norman.

Columbo Guard, Captain J. Cavagnaro.

Italian Rifle Guard, Captain R. Sonnabello.

Garibaldi Legion, Captain E. Spazary.

Columbia Guards, Captain W. F. Kelly.

Three companies of Veteran Guards (colored), Captain H. R. Williams.

SECOND DIVISION N. G. S. N. Y. MAJOR-GENERAL EDWARD L. MOLINEUX AND STAPP.

First Brigade. GENERAL C. T. CHRISTENSEN AND STAFF. Third Battery, Captain H. S. Rasquin, 13th Regiment, Colonel A. C. Barnos, 14th Regiment, Colonel James McLeer, enteenth Separate Company, Captain Miller.

Second Brigade. GENERAL WILLIAM H. BROWNELL AND STAFF. 23d Regiment, Colonel R. C. Ward, 32d Regiment, Colonel L. Finkeimeler. 47th Regiment, Colonel E. F. Gaylor.

Visiting Military Organizations. COLONEL JAMES B. WISE AND STAFF.

COLONEL JAMES B. WISE AND STAFF.

1st Regiment Pennsylvania National Guard, Colonel
T. E. Wiedersheim.
Gray Invincibles, Captain T. F. Kennart.
Gate City Guard, of Atlanta, Ga., Lieutenant William
M. Camp.
Captain W. H. Stratton and Staff.
2d Regiment Connecticut National Guard, Colonel W. J.
Leavenworth.

1st Regiment Massachusetts Infantry, Colonel A. C.
Wellington.
Battailon of four companies Virginia State Troops,
Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Spottswood.
Union Veteran Corps, District of Columbia, Captain S. E.
The Capitol City Guards, Captain T. S. Kelly.
Company D. 1st Minnesota Guard, Captain Bean.
The Veteran Zouaves (Independent), Brigadier-General
Drake.

FIRST DIVISION NEW-JERSEY NATIONAL GUARD. MAJOR-GENERAL PLUME AND STAFF. First and Second Brigates.

Catafalque.

OFFICIAL GUESIS IN CARRIAGES. Family and relatives of General Grant, including Gen Grant's old staff, ex-Cabinet officers, clergy a physicians, detachments from the Wheeler aud Grant Posts, and A. J. and J. W. Deexel. Grant Posts, and A. J. and J. W. Dexel.

The President of the United States, the Vice-President and memoers of the Cabinet, the President's private secretary and Marshai McMichael.

Members of the United States Supreme Court.
United States Senators.

Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives.

Governor of the State of New-York and suite.

Ex-Presidents.

Foreign Ministers.

Diplomatic and Consular officers who served under Grant.

Diplomatic and Consular officers who served under Grant.

Governors of States, according to date of ratification of the Constitution and date of entry into the Union, and salies.

Heads of Bureaus of the War Department.

General Sheridan's staff.

General Schoffield and staff.

Admiral Jonett, U. S. Navy, and staff.

Commodore Chandler, U. S. Navy, and staff.

The President of the Solilers' Home.

United States District-Attorney, Collector, Surveyor, Naval Officer and Assistant Treasurer.

Board of Indian Commissioners.

Mayors of cities, according to population, New-York, Brooklyn, Boston, St. Louis, Jersey City, New-Haven, Hartford, Elizabeth and Hudson, N. Y.

Committee of 101.

VETERAN DIVISION. MAJOR-GENERAL DANIEL E. SICKLES AND STAFF. Escort of Veterans of Third Army Corps.
Retired Officers of the U.S. Army, Navy and Marine Corps, General John C. Robinson commanding.
Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United Society of the Army of the Potomac, Senior vice-President commanding. Society of the Army of Tennessee, senior officer present Society of the Army of the Cumberland, senior officer present commanding.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Brigadier-General S. S. Burdette commanding. Brigadier-General S. S. Birdette commanding, sunsylvania-General George Meade Post, No. (General Grant's Post); delegations from Eben N. Ford Post, No. 336, and William Downing Post, No. 435.

Ohio-R. R. Brown, Commander and Delegation.

New-York G. A. R. Posts. H. Clay Hall, Commander, and Aides. Bennett W. Ellison, Grand-Marshal, and Aides.

First Sub-Division. James B. Horner and Aides—Posts Nos. 8, 13, 24, 29, 38, 58, 75, 77, 96, 100, 135, 140, 145 and 182.

Second Sub-Division.
C. H. McDonald and Aides-Posts Nos. 103, 186, 234, 255, 307, 320, 324, 402, 408, 436, 458, 520 and 557. Third Sub-Division.

Michael Duffy, and Aides-Posts Nos. 32, 42, 44, 62, 67, 69, 79, 80 and 128. Fourth Sub-Division, Samuel H. Paulding and Aides—Posts Nos. 113, 136, 192, 264, 300, 330, 427, 452, 516 and 559.

Maine-James A. Hall, commander, and delegation Potomac-James W. Wiener, jr., vice-commander

Potomac—James W. Wisner, Jr., vice-commander; J. S. Burger, Adjutant; delegation.
Texas—Delegation of post commanders.
Iowa—Delegation of department officers.
Consecticut—Frank D. Sloat, commander; W. H.
Stowes, adjutant, and 500 men.
Maryland—Delegation; Wilson Post, No. 1.
Illinois—W. W. Berry, commander; J. L. Benett, adjutant, and delegation.
Virginia—H. De B. Clay, commander, and delegation of Caliloux Post No. 2.
Indiana—Delegation from B. S. Crosswaft Post No. 150.

New-Hampshire-M. W. Collis, commander, and dele-New-Jorsey—H. M. Nevins, commander; John L. New-Jorsey—H. M. Nevins, commander; John L. Wheeler, adjutant; and 3,500 mes.
Colorado—A. V. Bohn, commander, and delegation.
Wisconsin—Davidson, comrander, and delegation.
Missouri—Frank P. Biair Fost No. 1, Ransom Post No. 131, delegations.
Kansus—Sanior Vice-Commander Timothy McCarthy and delegation.
Massachusetts—John W. Hersey, commander, Alfred C. Monroe, adjutant, and 400 men.

VETERAN ORGANIZATIONS. First Brigade.

GENERAL JAMES O'BEIRNE AND STAFF.

79th Regiment Highlanders, N. Y. Volunteers.
Second Veteran Fire Zouaves.
Anderson Zouaves, 62d N. Y. Volunteers.
69th Veteran Reserve Corps.
Duryea Zouaves 5th N. Y.
1st N. Y. Volunteers.
National Zouaves, 10th N. Y.
Garibaldi Guards, 39th N. Y.

Second Brigade. COLONEL THOMAS RAFFERTY AND STAFF. Hawkins Zouaves, 9th N. Y. Veterans 4th N. Y. Velunteers, Veterans 36th N. Y. Volunteers, Veterans 40th N. Y. Volunteers, Tammany Regiment, 42d N. Y. Veterans 90th N. Y. Volunteers, Veterans 133d N. Y. Velunteers,

Veterans 139th N. Y. Volunteers. Veterans 45th N. Y. Volunteers. Mexican War Veterans. Bons of Veterans Department of New-York.

Third Brigade. GENERAL B. F. SPINOLA AND STAFF GENERAL B. F. SPINOLA AND STAFF.

Tibbles Association, 1st New-Jersey.

National Veterans Chicago.

New Bedford Volunteers.

Philadelpila Veterans.

Veterans of Regular Army.

Seventh Regiment Veterans.

Twenty-second Veterans.

Fourteenth Regiment Veteran Association.

Ninth Regiment Veteran Association.

Soldaten and Matvossen Union, of Brooklyn.

Soldaten and Matvossen Union, of Brooklyn.

Tytt

Veterans' Association, 14th Regiment,

Brooklyn.

VII. CIVIC DIVISION. GENERAL MARTIN T. MCMAHON AND STAFF. First Sub-Division.

COLONEL A. G. DICKINSON AND STAFF.

Bociety of the Cincinnati.
Chamber of Commerce.
New-York Historical Society.
Union League Club.
Aztee Club.
Committee of Ex-Confederate Veterana.
United States Christian Commission.
Ex-Diplomatic and Consular Officers.
Grant Monument Association.
Citizens' Law and Order League, Boston,
New-Haven Chamber of Commerce.

Second Sub-Division. COLONEL JOHN W. MARSHA 'L AND STAF . Colonel John W. Maisha "Land Stap" New-York Stock Exchange.
New-York Cotton Exchange.
New-York Petroleum Exchange.
New-York Produce Exchange.
New-York Board of Trade and Transportation.
New-York Mercantile Exchange.
Maritime Association, Port of New-York.
New-York Metal Exchange.
Real Exchange.
Board of Underwriters.

COLONEL CHARLES G. OTIS AND STAFF. COLONEL CHARLES OF OTHE AND STAFF.

Republican County Committee.

Young Men's Republican Club, Kings County
Young Men's Republican Club, Lersey City.

Young Men's Republican Club, Baltimore.

Lincoln League.

Third Ward Lincoln Club.

Fourth Sub-Division. COLONEL JOHN W. JACOBUS AND STAFF. Volunteer Firemen's Association.
Volunteer Firemen's Association.
Bons of Veteraus, 12 Posts.
Highland Guards.
Kuights of Pythias. Knights of Sherwood Forest Excelsior Council, No. 140, U. A. M. Valley Forge Council, No. 2, 1, O. U. A. M. Societa del Fraterno Amore, Excelsior A-sociation of Jersey City.

The regular troops will number about 630, the marines about 400, and the sailors about 1,000. The First Division, New-York National Guard, will number about 5,000 men, and the Second Division, National Guard, about 4,000. The division of Veteran Guards will number probably 1,500 men. The visiting military organizations, including the New-Jersey division, may be estimated at 2,500. The members of the Grand Army of the Republic will form a considerable part of the procession. The New-York posts alone will furnish over 10,000 men, and from other States about half that number will come. The veteran organizations, not included in the Grand Army of the Republic, will contain probably 3,000 men. The civic organizations will probably number about 20,000 men. The entire number of men in line will be from 55,000 to 60,000.

THE TOMB AT RIVERSIDE. READY FOR THE COFFIN-TROUBLES WITH SPECU-LATORS.

When the sun went down last evening at ouilt to hold temporarily the body of General Grant was finished. A flag that had been raised beside the vanit on a tall slender staff floated in the light breeze at halfthe outer entrance to the vault permits a full view of the dim light of the evening the steel case in which the coffin is to be placed, resting in the centre of the temb on square blocks of white marble. I silver plate shone brightly in the fading light and on could be plainly read from the entrance U. S. GRANT.

Duen July 23, 1885. Thousands of people lingered about the park during the evening and carriages continued to drive up the avenues long after dark. There is little attempt at ornament in the tomb. The cross that rises on the arch is

ilded, and in the gateway the letter G stands out. pose they have undergone a complete transformation. Rough places have been levelled, obstructions removed. depressions in the ground filled, and the entire plateau rolled. On the vault itself a month's work has been con pressed within two weeks. President Crimmins said yesterday that the whole had been more rapidly done than anything of the kind he had ever seen. Mayor Grace and President Sanger of the Board of Aldermen, who were with Colonel Grant when he selected Riverside Park as a burial place, inspected the ground and expressed entire satisfaction with the manner in which

In the afternoon the Hudson became dotted with sails of yachts and other sailing craft; steamers passed to and fro filled with passengers, and private steam yachts checked their course for a time and steamed slowly past the bluff. About noon six naval vessels belonging to the North Atlantic equadron arrived off the point and anchored. For the squadron arrived on steam launches filled with the officers from the vessels were plying to and fro between the ships and the shore. The squadron is to remain in position to-day and will fire minute guns at intervals. Half a dozen tents have been erected on the bank near the Claremont House. These will be occupied by the detachment of artillery which is to fire the closing sainte and maintain a guard over the tomb for the next thirty

The arrangements for the funeral service will place the police detachment on the grounds of Riverside Park under the charge of Superintendent Marray. Inspector Dilks will take imme diate control this morning with 500 police and Captsin Beaty, chief of the Park Police force, with 150 men, a portion of them mounted, will act in concert with him. The force will be distributed at all points along Riverside from the entrance at Seventy second-st., but the main portion will be placed around the plateau and the ground near the tomb where the greatest crowd is expected to be. As the procession arrives it will pass along the ave nue which makes a wide circle around the plateau, thus forming an additional cordon inside of which only those will be permitted who are to take part in the closing exercises. After these are through the line will then move on along to the entrance at One-hundred and-twentieth st. which is directly to the rear of the vault, and the milltary will then dispersed.

In spite of objections to the presence of stands for spectators they have been built at short intervals in the private grounds all along Riverside Park. In many instances people occupying houses adjoining the park have built these stands, but the largest of them are those put up by speculators or grounds leased especially for that purpose to day. The largest of these stands are those that have been built just cast of the vault at Claremont. Some of these will sea 3,000 persons. At this point the speculators will charge not less than \$1 for a seat, and if the weather is favorable and the crowd great they expect to obtain much highe prices. Further down the drive the prices will range from fifty cents to a dollar a seat according to location

The conflict between the heirs of the Post estate and several of the stand proprietors nearest the tomb became bitter yesterday and at one time threatened to cause serious trouble The Park Commissioners have objected to the stands so near the tomb as unseemly and in bad taste. Charles A. Post, one of the heirs of the estate, came on the ground early in the morning accompanied by Lester W. Clark, agent of the estate. Mr. Post said that the ground was occupied by these stands without permission or lease from the owners of the land, and that the men who ha taken possession were squatters. He directed that the stands should be torn down, and one that was held by William H. McDermott was quickly levelled to the ground. The owners of the adjoining stands then interfered, but were arrested and taken to the Harlem Police Cohrt. There their names were given as F. L. Roberge, William O'Brien, W. H. McDermott and J. Wood. Roberge contended that the land on which the objectionable stands were erected was properly leased Continued on Fifth Page

FORTIFICATION OF HERAT.

PREPARING TO RESIST AN ADVANCE.

A BATTLE BETWEEN THE APPHANS AND RUSSIANS LOOKED FOR.

LONDON, Aug. 7 .- A dispatch received here from the Afghan frontier says that a collision between boiles of Afghans and Russian troops would not be sur-Dispatches sent from Meshed, in Persia, near the

Af han frontier, say that the British officers in Herat are well treated by the inhabitants and that their health is excellent despite the torrid weather prevailing there. The work of fortifying Herat against a possible Ressian advance is making rapid progress. The Ameer is reparing another large force of Afghan troops for the aprotection of Herat. The Ameer's son will be placed in nominal command of these troops. The same dispatches state that the Turcomans of Mary are greatly excited against the Russian soldiery of the state of t ause of their alleged brutal conduct toward the

A dispatch from Berilu states that Prince Bismarck and M. de Giers, the Russian Foreign Minister, will meet at Franzensbad, a watering place in Bohemis, the latter

part of this month,
Sr. Petersburg, Aug. 7.—The Imperial Council of
Wac has ordered the formation of a separate artillery depertment of the army for the trans-Caspian Russian pr vinces.

have no confidence in the apparently pacific declara-tions of Prime Minister Salisbury. They have their disrust on the perceptible and constant increase of

Be said's military preparations.

The Journal de St. Fetersbourg says that the reports of the concentration of Afghan troops in the vicinity of Projdeh and the dispatch thither of more Russian troops Paris, Aug. 7 .- The Republique Francoise states that

at alliance has been concluded between Great Britain and China for mutual action in the case of war between

SOME OF THE EVIDENCE AT RIEL'S TRIAL. HE CONDEMNED MAN SAID TO BE INSANE-STATE-MENTS OF HIS COUNSEL.

[ST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] MONTREAL, Aug. 7 .- Some of the documentary ex hits put in evidence at Riel's trial at Regina have inst been published here. Exhibit 16 is a document as follows, in Riel's handwriting:

The French half-breed members of the provisional government of the Saskatchewan have separated from fonce, and the great mass of the people have done the same. Up to this time our parents have shown themselves unwilling to leave Kome. They wish to govern us in a manner opposed to our interest and they wish to continue to govern us according to the dictates of Loo XIII. Dear brothers in Jesus Christ, please, for the sake of God, come and help us, so that the enterprise against Rome may be a success, and in return we will do all in our power to secure our political rights. This document was not addressed to anybody in sticular. One document reads thus: "Annexation

against England and Rome, Manitoba, French Canadians, Godfrey Lasaile, Another document says: "Our union is and will always be more respectful toward the American." A third document is

Resolved, first, that our union is and will always be most respectful toward the American Government, their policy, their interest and toward the territorial government of Montana as well.

Second, That our union will carefully avoid causing any difficulties whatever to the United States, and will not conflict in any way with the constitution and laws of the Government.

Another document reads:

Resolved, That when England gave that country to the Hudson Bay Company 200 years ago, the North-west belonged to France as history shows, and when the treaty of Paris ceded Canada to England, no men-tion of any kind was made of the Northwest, As the American-English colonies helped England to conquer

It is doubtful whether England really owns the Northwest, because the first act of government that England ever accomplished over that Northwest was a given it as a prey to the sordid monopoly of the Ilud-son Bay Company 200 years ago. Her second act of

Messra, Lemieux, Greenshields and Fitzpatrick, Riol's counsel, have arrived here from Region, was a fair one, as it was a preconceived idea that Riel was to be found guilty. Several of the jury said that they had made up their minds before they had preof; that some of them even went so far as to lay wagers thet Riel would be hanged. He also said that he had no doubt as to Riel's insurity, and that the matter will

no doubt as to Riel's issuanty, and that the matter will be carried to the highest tribunal, A gentleman writing from Battle City, Montana, states that Dumont and Dumals, the rebel half-breeds, have arrived there and have been received with open arms by the French Canadians in that district. A popular subscription was raised in their behalf. The rebels will settle down at Battle City. Both Dumont and Dumais declare that Riel is a crank.

UNWILLING TO LEAVE HER HUSBAND.

MONTREAL, Aug. 7 (Special).—A sensation was caused at Lachine, a suburb of Montreal, by the appearance there of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Whitney, of Brooklyn, who were searching for their daughter About two months ago William M. Finch, who had a prostable position as manager of the Communique Coal ompany, fell in love with Ida H, Whitney, a daughter of Z. J. Whitney. The parents being averse to the match, the couple resolved to clope. After being married in Brooklyn they came on to Montreal, and registered at the Wudsor as Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Finch. After remaining some time in the city they went out to Lachine and took lodgings at Mrs. Hanna's. There to Luchine and took lodgings at Mrs. Hanna's. There the became popular, visiting among the best families and makings themselves generally agreeable. Mrs. Finch speaks several languages and displays great skill in water color painting. Some of her sketches of the secures about Lachine are said to be excellent. Mr. Finch also became popular. When Mr, and Mrs. Whitney went out to Lachine, the mother was at once shown to her daughter's room and upbraded her for her desertion. Finding her daughter firm, Mrs. Whitney pleaded with her to return to her old home and appearing to make no impression was so overcome by her feelings that she fainted. On being revived she again carnestly entreated her daughter to return to Brooklyn and was finally carried fainting from the

TOLLS ON CANADIAN CANALS,

MONTREAL, Aug. 7 (Special) .- Owing to a mistake in order of Conneil passed by the Dominion Government with reference to canal tolls, by which St. Lawrence Canal tolls were overlooked, a new order in Council has been passed and copies have been received here. It fixes tolls on all grain passing through Canada from fixes tolls on all grain passing through Canada from Lake Eric to Montana at two cents a ton, thus grain paying two cents a ton on Welland Canal goes free through St. Lawrence River canals. Order in Council also reduces tolls on grain passing St. Lawrence River cansis from fifteen cents a ton to two cents a ton, thus grain passing through Lake Ontario, which has not passed through Welland Canal, will pay a toll of two cents on St. Lawrence canals. The effect is that grain passing westward through all Canadian, both Welland and St. Lawrence canals, or through either of them, shall pay two cents a ton.

MANY CASES OF CHOLERA IN SPAIN. Madrid, Aug. 7 .- Incomplete returns record 2,378 new cases of cholera throughout Spain yesterday, and 910 deaths from that disease. The Academy of Ar tillery, at Segwia, has been closed because of the preva-lence of the disease among the students. At La Granja-riots have taken place, the poor people resisting the measures attempted by the sanitary authorities.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 7.—The situation here is perceptibly improving. The exodus continues. The inertness of the officials is publicly denounced. A meeting of the municipal council was held to-day; thirteen members

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—United States Consul Dufais, at Havre, informs the Department of State that cholera is increasing at Marsellies. In accordance with his own recommendations, Consul Dufais has been directed to inspect vessels starting for the United States. THE IMPERIAL MEETING. GASTEIN, Aug. 7 .- After the state dinner to-

day Emperor William visited the Austrian Emperor and Empress to bid them farewell. On the departure of the Austrians William stood uncovered until their ear-riage disappeared. MANILA, Island of Luzon, Aug. 7 .- The

American ship Phineas Pendleton, Captain Blanchard, from Hong Kong for New-York, and now at this port, is on are and will probably be a total loss. AMERICAN LEGATION IN BERLIN TO CLOSE.

and Consulate in this city will be closed to-morrow as a mark of respect for General Grant.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

LONDON, Aug. 7.
PARLIAMENT.—The British Parliament will be prorogued on August 13.

PASSENGERS FROM LONDON.—Among the passengers of the Cunard Line steamer Aurania, which will sail from Liverpool to-morrow for New-York, will be Cyrus W. Field, Senator and Mrs. Edmunds, Miss Edmunds, Miss Arthur, Senator Hawley, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Hitch-cock, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, who are cousins to John Bright, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer.

CENSURED BY LIBERALS.—Lord Randolph Churchill is censured by The Standard and all the Liberal papers this morning for discussing a purely financial question in a potenic manner.

THROWN FROM THEIR CARRIAGE BY A TRAIN. ST. THOMAS, Ont., Aug. 7.—As one Dempsey, of Hamilton, accompanied by his sister, the wife of Frederick Sanders, a lumber merchant here, and her six-year-old son, was crossing the London and Port Stanley railway track here to-day, a train struck the buggy in which the three were riding, completely demolishing it. Mrs. Sanders's body, from which the head was completely severed, was found twenty yards from the place of the accident. The child's dead body lay on the coweatcher of the engine and Dempsey's body was found about seventy-five yards distant.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—General Campenon, Minister of War, forming a military commission to reorganize the Ana-

DUBLIN, Aug. 7.-The Court of Appeals have unantmously refused to grant a new trial in the action for ilbet brought against William O'Prien by Crown Solicitor Bolton.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The decree ordering the general elections in France was issued to-day. It designates October 4 as the day. Berlin, Aug. 7.—Dr. Jubleke has arrived here and reports great acquisitions by the East African Company in Zanzibar and the adjacent country.

EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYES.

OWNERS OBLIGED TO RUN THEIR OWN TRAINS ON IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. 1

PITTSBURG, Aug. 7 .- A strike of the entire force of employes of the narrow gauge road, which starts at Banksville in this county, and connects with the Pittsburg and Lake Erie at Temperanceville, just outside the city limits, has been going on, all unknown to the outside world, since Monday. The road is owned by Hartley, Marshall & Co., who have extensive coal mines at Banksville. About thirty men are employed on the line. On Monday several of the brakemen were discharged and the wages of the rest were reduced, No trains were run on Monday and Tuesday. Wednesday those Banksville people who had business in the city were in a dilemma. They were relieved, however, when they saw an engine emerge from the roundhouse, with Superintendent Hartley and the master mechanic, Owens, in the cab, acting as engineer and fireman. There were no L-akemen and only one passenger coach was attached. The run was a successful one. Then another difficulty arose. The 150 miners, who were all working had filled up the ecopty coal cars and they were crowding the tracks leading from the mines. Yesterday morning, Roger Hartley, the senior member of the firm, said that he could run a coal train down. He is president of the road. He gathered up a crew, consisting of the secretary, treasurer and superintendent of the road and the run was made. Last night a conference between the company and the strikers was held. The engineers concluded to accept the reduction, but the brakemen refused to acquiesce. The engineers went to work to-day and managed to get out the coal train. however, when they saw an engine emerge from the

SUPPLYING THE PLACES OF STRIKERS,

PITTSBURG. Aug. 7 (Special) .- The superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio road said to-day: "We ent out every freight train to-day on our Wheeling division, and they were 'double headers.'" About lorty men from the Parkersburg and Wheeling division have been brought here to take the place of the strikers, and the trains were enabled to run on schedule time. Some of the imported men have worked on Colorado reads, which have grades of 210 feet to the mile. Glenwood bearding-house keepers having refused to beard any of the new men. Hew are furnished with passes into town in order that temperary board may be obtained. torty men from the Parkersburg and Wheeling division

A MILL THREATENED BY A MOB.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Aug. 7,-About 400 men, nany of them idlers and not mill workers, attempted by force to shut down the mill of Rust Brothers & Co last evening. The mob were armed with clubs and gathered near the mill and then marched down toward the entrance. The Sheriff ordered them to disperse, but they jeeringly refused. Then the Mayor read the riot act, and colled on them to return to their homes quietly, which they declined to do. A squad of nine policemen thereupon charged on the mob, clubbing them right and left, soon putting them to flight. Three men were arrested on the spot, and three were arrested later in the day. A few of the mob were wounded. The mill continued operations, none of the men being among the strikers.

LIEUTENANT GREELY AND HIS PLANS.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Aug. 7 .- Lieutenant Greely's reports on the " Arctic Expedition" is progressing as fast as his health will permit and will be ready in ample time for the meeting of Congress in December In fact it will be given to the public possibly in October. He is spending the summer with his family and friends. His health is improving. He is by no means a well man, but is not in as poor condition as has been represented. He will sail for Scotland late in October, a sea voyage being recommended by his physicians and by invitation will open the meeting of the Scottish Geographical Soci-

A STARVING THIEF SHOT. TROY, Aug. 7 (Special).-Eugene Clifford who leases a vegetable garden from Erastus Corning, on one of the islands south of this city has been annoyed of late by thieves, who under cover of night steal his vegetables At an early hour this morning, aided by Captain McMaho of the Watervilet police, he surprised four men in his potato patch. John Fogerty was arrested, but the others escaped, after being fired upon. Among those whe escaped was Thomas Strang, and he was shot three escaped was Thomas Strang, and he was shot three times. He was found to-day at his home in the lower part of the city dying from what he said was cholera morbus. Another of the thieves is said to have been drowned. Strang and Mullen bear good reputations. They have been out of work for several weeks and their families are actually starving. They were driven to theft in their dire extremity. Strang is low to-night. One bullet is imbedded in his stomach.

A MINER KILLED BY INDIANS.

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 7 .- News were rewell-known miner, formerly residing at Tombstone, was

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

RAILROAD TICKET OFFICE ROBBED.

BASGOR, Me., Aug. 7.—The ticket office of the Maine Central Railroad at Oldtown was entered by burglars this morning. The safe was blown open and about \$1,000 stolen. When the police, who were attracted by the noise of the explosion, arrived on the scene the burglars had made their escape.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Mrs. M. Waish, a widow sixty years old, was found to-day in a small back room of her house at No. 609 Fulton-st., dead. Her hands were ited and there were marks of violence on her body. The body indicated that she had been dead two or three days.

KILLING HIS WIFE AND HIMSELF.

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LOUISVILLE, Aug. 7.—Michael Kaelin, age forty, this morning, killed his wife in cold blood and then cut his own throat. The suicide and murderer is a German who has been in America about ten years. He frequently betrayed jealousy of his wife.

MURDERED BY A MISSOURI MOB.

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St. Louis, Aug. 7.—Summary vengeance was taken by a mob at Nosake, in this State, on Wednesday night, on Garland Mann, who in September of last year murdered Dr. Chenowith. The general belief was that the murder was the outgrowth of a bitter political quarrel. Mann had had three trials and was in jull at Neosho awaiting his fourth trial. He had a pocket-knife with which he defended himself so vigorously that they shot him to death and left the corpse to the jull.

CAPTURE OF A MEXICAN SMUGGLER.

Et Paso, Texas, Aug. 7.—The United States authorities captured near here yesterday William Luna, a famous Mexican smurgler, on learning of Luna's arrest, Congressman Prosince, of Mexico, and five leading merchauts at Pasodel Notre came over and gave \$20,000 bends for the appearance of Luna at the next session of the Federal Grand Jury.

SHOOTING EACH OTHER FOR A RECREANT WOMAN. WOMAN.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 7.—Albert Bailey, colored, left town some weeks ago. He left his wife here and later sent her money to go to him. Falling to hear from her, he returned and found her living with the Rev. Daniel Poe, colored. Bailey charged Poe with estranging his wife's affections. Poe end at Bailey, wounding him. Feveral short were exchanged. Poe was foundinglic the house, lying on the floor, with a bail in his breast. Both men will probably die.

KILLED BY A FALLING WALL.

TWO MEN DEAD AND SEVERAL INJURED.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

ARREST OF THE CONTRACTOR IN HOBOKEN-THE CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.

The factory of the American Lead Pencil Company, is at Clinton and Fifth sts., Hoboken. The nain building three stories high is in Clinton-st., and a wing one story high fronts in Fifth-st. for distance of fifty feet. Recently the company desired to extend the Fifth-st., wing fifteen feet and the contract was let to James Clary, of No. 74512 Jersey-ave., who said that he had been a builder all his life. Clary rented half of his contract to Henry McLane who lives on the Heights in Jersey City. The two men hired a dozen laborers and put them to work. The roof was torn off the Fifth st. wing and a ditch five feet wide and four feet deep was dug on the inner side of the end wall of the

wing, which was about thirteen feet high.

The ground is boggy and filled with quicksand in that part of Hoboken and all foundations rest on piles driven into the earth. Piles were driven by Clary's workmen into the foundation trench on the inner side of the end wall. Then "caps" or beams to rest on top of the piles were dragged from the street into the inner trench while several work nen dug a second trench on the outside. As they dug, with gross stupidity, they shovelled the black muck up against the end wall which had not been braced and the roof being off it stood without support To hasten the disaster the laborers in the inner trench dug away the earth next to the wall to make room for the "caps." Suddenly a crackling sound was heard and the entire wall toppled over-toward the inner trench burying the workmen under the brick.

sound was heard and the entire wall toppled overtoward the isner trench burying the workmen under the brick.

Shortly after 4 p. m. yesterday, the accident occurred. The falling wall and the cries of the men created a slight panic in the factory where 300 people were at work, but it was soon quieted. The workmen went out and joined vigorously in diging out the buried laborers, who were in a trench covered with brick five feet deen. John Connors, age forty-five, of No. 203 Willow-st., and James Hackett, of West Newark-ave., Jersey City, were dragged out dead. Henry McLane, the half-contractor, was dragged out insensible, covered with bruises and with his skull fractured. John Geogeghen, of Sixteenth-st., Jersey City, was rescued with his right ear cut off and also cut about the head and face. Peter Garber received slight cuts about the head. George Jones, No. 235 Fourteenth-st., Jersey City, was passing in the rear of the building and was struck by a flying brick and slightly injured.

The dead men were taken in charge by undertaker Crane who removed them to his shoe in Washington-st. Conners had only been two years in this country coming from Cork, Ireland. He leaves a widow and six children, Hackett was a single man. McLane was taken to St. Mary's Hospital and his injuries pronounced fatal. He is a married man with a family.

Two hours after the accident Coroner Haughey had Clary arrested. He was taken to the City Hall where he furnished \$3,000 bonds, Mr. Berger the president of the company went in his bond. Clary said to a Thibune reporter that he was away from the building at the time and knew nothing of the accident. It was reported in the vicinity of the scene that more than two lives were lost, but a call of the roll by Foreman Hoffman of the factory showed that no more were missing.

A NEW ROAD INTO CHICAGO. CHICAGO, Aug. 7 (Special) .- The true "invardness" of the movement made by the Wisconsin surrounding the passage of an ordinance by the Com way to the Chicago and Great Western is explained by terminal facilities at Chicago and comes in over the Illinois Central's tracks on sufferance without lease or other legal privileges. It has been induced to take hold of the new project by the Wisconsin Central, that road serving as a figurehead. A New-York syndicate has put \$5,000,000 at the disposal of the Chicago and Great Western to be devoted to purchasing and condemning property, building depots and tracks and constructing freight yards. About \$200,000 has been expended in buying options in

\$200,000 has been expended in buying options in available when wanted. The Baltimore and Ohio share in the plan has been kept quiet and was unknown outside of those directly interested.

It is also stated that Colonel Frederick Grant through the friendship of the younger Garrett bad been let in for a share in the enterprise and that he will also be at the head of the enterprise and that he will also be at the head of the enterprise the work.

TENTING IN MOUNTAIN GROVE.

MOUNTAIN GROVE, Penn., Aug. 7 (Special) .-The tenters here to-day have been thoroughly chilled throughout the day. All the services were held in the tabernacle. The Rev. Dr. D. S. McCabe, secretary of the Missionary Society of the Methodist-Episcopa Church, delivered two discourses upon the subject of missions. In the course of his remarks he said that the church was on the eve of the conquest of the the church was on the eve of the conquest of the world. The society has 125 applicants for work in foreign fields that it cannot fill for the want of funds. The secretary has 2,500 missionaries employed in this country. The speaker was glad that the cattle were being driven of of Indian territory, and that the death-knell of Mormonism had been sounded. The Rev. B. K. Kerlin preached a forcible sermon in the evening. To-morrow a Grant memorial service will be held. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. B. E. Wilson, on Grant's military eareer; the Rev. E. W. Yocum, on his character as a map.

Boston, Aug. 7 .- In the case of the brig Mary Celeste, William G. Lowis testified to-day as to Captain Parker's reliability and integrity. He considered him honorable in every way. The witness has acted as Haytien Consul in Boston. He said the poorest quality of goods was usually shipped to Hayti. "In dealing usually invoice the goods at their cost. Goods shipped to some persons are greatly over valued. I have seen manifests where goods were invoiced at six times their value. In insuring goods it is customary to insure them for 10 per cent over their market value. There are honorable merchants in Hayti. It is not a general thing to

A WIFE WHO IS NOT TALKATIVE. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7 (Special) .- A suit was brought this morning by Deborah Gerner against her husband, an architect, for the possession of her boy, age three, and for absolute divorce. Testimony was adduced that the wife had been sadly neglected for an aunt, Mrs. Annie Bitters, who, witnesses declared, fre-quently made the remark that Mr. Gerner loved her duently made the remark that Mr. Gerner loved her better than he did his wife, because the latter had no conversational powers. Gerner swore in his own behalf that he had kissed his aunt, but never except in the presence of his wife. "I think," said he, "I have a right to kiss her. It is a custom of Denmark to kiss the wife's relatives. I considered her as my aunt, and meant no harm by it." The case was continued.

AN ARCHITECT KILLED BY A TRAIN. ATLANTA, Aug. 7 (Special) .- G. P. Humphties, an architect of considerable note in Georgia, while attempting to jump from a moving train of the

Atlanta and West Point Railroad near the city this evening was thrown under the cars and killed. He was for a long time travelling passenger agent of the New-York, Pennsylvaria and Oho Railway with headquar-ters at New Orleans and has hosts of friends in St. Louis and along the Mississippi River. THE STEAMER MUMACOA ASHORE

EASTPORT, Me., Aug. 7 .- The vessel ashore on Murr's Ledge, which was supposed to be the Circas-sian, is the steamer Humacoa. She was bound for St. sian, is the sceamer Humacoa. 300 when the shore on Wednesday morning in a dense fog. She lies on the Wallace Rock, and will be a total wreck. Her crew were saved. The steamer Lansdowne, of St. John, has gone to the scene of the wreck. The Humocoa has English owners but satied under the Spanish flag.

MINERS KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION. WILKESBARRE, Penn., Aug. 7 .- An explosion of gas occurred in Haddock & Steel's mine at Luzerne Borough this afternoon while the men were at work. James Drumage a miner was instantly killed and W. K. Barrett was fatally burned.

CHILD KILLED BY WILD BEASTS. ASHEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 7 (Special) .- In a

esolate region of Webster County live Henry Clements and his family. A ten-year-old girl was missed from the house yeaterday, but no apprehension was felt until ovening. A party of neighbors about midnight found the remains of the child who had been killed and mangled by wild asimals.